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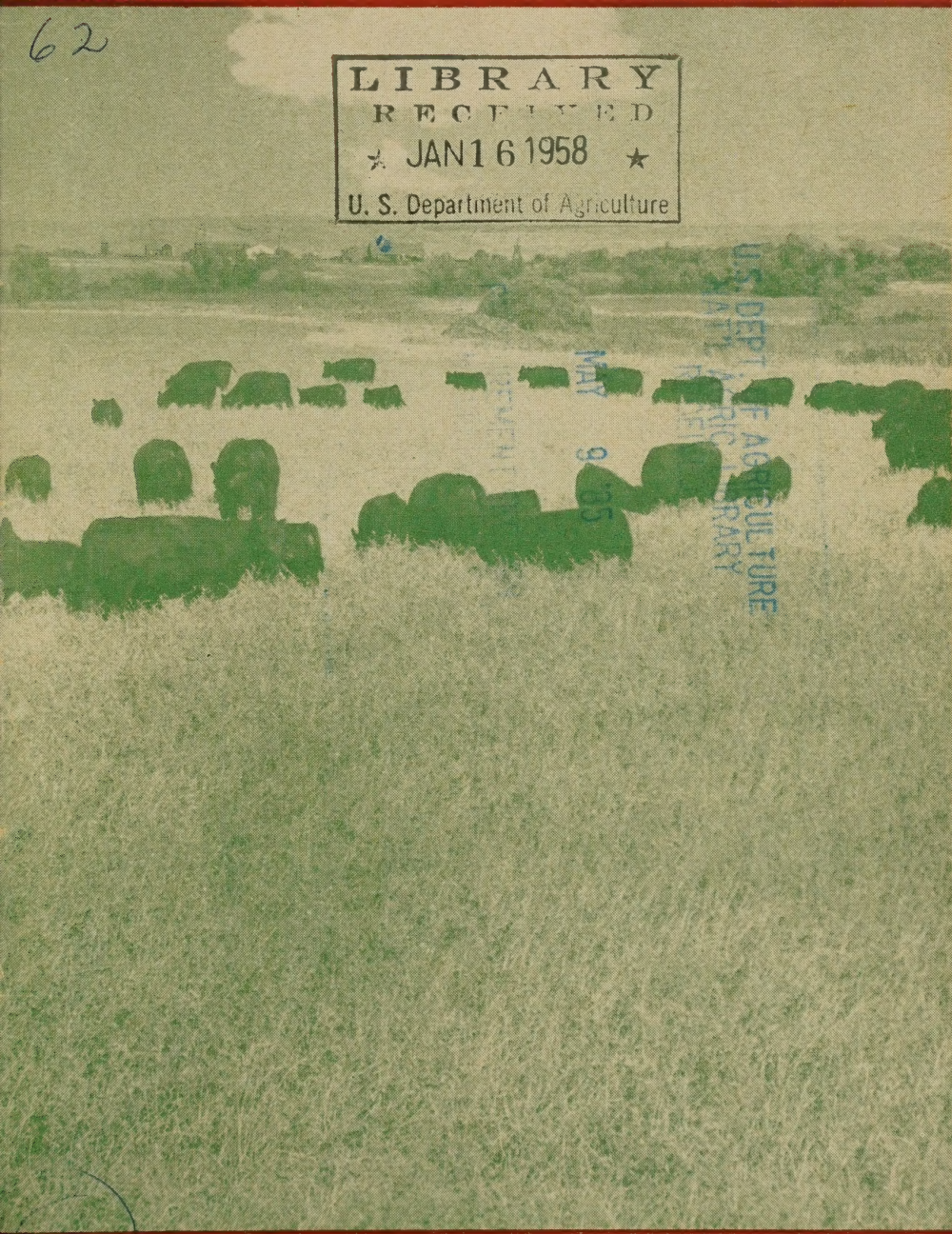
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ANNIVERSARY

RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA

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1958 SEED CATALOG for FIELD & GARDEN



SAM H. BOBER
Founder and President

FOR LAND'S SAKE--- GROW ALFALFA AND GRASS

You can't buy good tilth and soil structure in bags like you can fertilizer. Deep rooted alfalfa and grasses have the knack of combining dense, leafy growth above to furnish

MOST feed per acre, with best land building properties and soil structure below the surface.

You will live longer and have better compensation for the season's work with more alfalfa, grass and livestock on your farm.

We have been known for forty years in this country as producers and distributors of hardiest, best yielding, drought resisting alfalfa, grasses and earliest maturing seed grain.

Top quality seed, free from foul weeds, is—always has been—and always will be our primary goal. You will get best value in seed for your money at Bober's.

Sincerely,

Sam H. Bober & Sons, Inc.
Rapid City, South Dakota



TERMS OF SALE AND SHIPMENT

Payment: Cash in full with order. Money order, bank or check on good bank. We ship promptly on receipt of your order. All items are priced f.o.b. Rapid City.

PLEASE ORDER ALL FIELD SEED AT ONCE

Help us, yourself, and the railroads, by letting us fill your order in midwinter when transportation is not crowded and when help is easier to get.

Your Cooperation Will Be Appreciated.

BUY EARLY AND SAVE MONEY!

PROF. HANSEN'S SIBERIAN COSSACK ALFALFA

Grows in Every State in the Union

Cossack Alfalfa, introduced from Siberia by Professor Hansen, has consistently outyielded and outlived all other varieties for over 30 years. It makes the fastest growth and regrowth after cutting . . . is finer stemmed with a higher percentage of leaves . . . continues heavy production as it ages . . . makes good crops of hay in dry seasons when other strains fail . . . is extremely resistant to winter killing. For more hay and longer lasting stands, plant COSSACK.

30 lbs. \$11.25; 1 bu. \$22.10; 100 lbs. \$36.00



Sam Bober and a plant of Cossack alfalfa, showing the roots of this hardy special selected strain, containing "anti freeze." We have Cossack alfalfa fields of over 25 years old, that survive the hot dry summers and 35 below zero winter temperatures. You get the best seed value for your money here.

RANGER ALFALFA Resists Wilt

Ranger is a result of crossing and recrossing Cossack, Ladak, Turkestan and Hardistan alfalfa. It is resistant to bacterial wilt, cold and dry winter. Ranger permits longer rotations with alfalfa, and greater yield of forage.

1 bu. \$23.90; 100 lbs. \$39.00

RANGER-COSSACK ALFALFA 50-50 MIXTURE

Combines wilt resistance with higher yield of best quality alfalfa. Starts growth earlier in the spring, grows late into fall . . . does well whether climate is moist and cool and stands hot weather of 115 degrees in the summer and 40 degrees below zero in winter.

1 bu. \$23.00; 100 lbs. \$37.50

VERNAL ALFALFA

A new synthetic hybrid introduced by the University of Wisconsin and the U.S.D.A. Because of its high production and hardiness, Cossack Alfalfa was the main parent. Vernal is highly resistant to Wilt Disease and therefore a particularly good yielder in wilt infested areas. On heavier soils a planting rate of 10 to 12 lbs. is recommended.

1 bu. \$34.70; 100 lbs. \$57.00

LADAK ALFALFA

Long lived; extremely winter hardy; well suited for high elevations; drought resistant; wilt resistant; makes a heavy first crop; is a good short season crop. Ladak alfalfa plants are leafy and produce top quality hay of high feeding value.

1 bu. \$23.90; 100 lbs. \$39.00

GRIMM-TYPE ALFALFA

A hardy alfalfa for midwestern farms. Good resistance to winter killing. Not recommended in areas where bacterial wilt bothers alfalfa.

1 bu. \$21.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00

All our seed is free from noxious weeds. Prices on alfalfa include the cost of the bags and Free Inoculation with the seed if ordered on or before February 1

BLACK HILLS HARDY ALFALFA SEED

RHIZOMA alfalfa

THE NEW DUAL PURPOSE VARIETY

This is an actual photo of the root system of a 4-year-old Rhizoma Alfalfa Plant (Photo courtesy of University of British Columbia). Note how well this vital living part of the plant is organized for production, with the deep tap root for subsoil moisture and the Rhizomes for surface moisture and for sending up new stems.



THE RHIZOMA STORY

Rhizoma alfalfa is the result of continuous breeding since 1917 under the direction of the University of British Columbia in Canada. It is the result of selective crossing and re-crossing Grimm with the yellow-flowered creeping Falcata. (Introduced from Siberia in the early 1900's by Professor Hanson.)

THE MOST SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN RHIZOMA AND ORDINARY ALFALFAS ARE (1) the Multiple Root System; (2) the Low Set Crown (at or below the ground surface). PRIMARILY BECAUSE OF THESE DEVELOPMENTS, RHIZOMA ALFALFA MEANS TO YOU:

MORE GRAZING—Since the crown is below the ground surface, the plant cannot be injured by overgrazing or trampling. Stands actually thicken with grazing. Competes and should be planted with grass.

MORE HAY—Rhizoma Alfalfa stands up to 42 in. high. In actual tests—outyielding Grimm with leafier, finer alfalfa of higher protein.

MORE DROUGHT RESISTANCE—The multiple root system utilizes every drop of available moisture.

LESS SEED NEEDED—Because of its spreading habits (Rhizomes automatically thicken up the field) Rhizoma should be planted at only one-fourth to one-third the normal alfalfa seeding rate in your area.

GREATEST RESISTANCE TO WINTER KILLING—In field tests in the Canadian Peace Valley it survived: (1) 60 below zero temperatures, (2) Flooding, (3) Ice Sheets.

Of all the alfalfa we have grown on the Bober Seed Farms, RHIZOMA has shown the most outstanding results. We know that you will want to plant RHIZOMA on your own farm. Please order early as our supplies of this new hybrid are limited.

10 lbs. \$12.50; 25 lbs. \$30.00; 50 lbs. \$58.00; 100 lbs. \$115.00

Hardy FARM BELT ALFALFA

A mixture of Cossack, Grimm and Dakota No. 12 alfalfa seed, not as bright or as plump as the No. 1 grade described on page 3. Ninety-eight per cent purity, free from any foul weeds, 80 per cent live seed. Real value in northern hardy alfalfa seed.

1 bu. \$19.10; 100 lbs. \$31.00

S. D. No. 25 ALFALFA

Not a variety—but our special blend of premium alfalfa seed from Black Hills fields that are 25 years old or older. These fields have survived droughts, freezing, disease and other hazards. Here is seed which has more than theory behind it.

1 bu. \$23.30; 100 lbs. \$38.00

NEW ARASAN TREATMENT FOR ALFALFA SEED

We will treat the alfalfa seed you order from us at a cost of \$1.25 per 100 lbs. of seed, actual cost of Arasan and work. Many seed companies charge \$2 or more for this service under a fancier name.

NORTHERN GROWN SOIL BUILDERS

LADINO CLOVER

Ladino Clover is regarded as the most important pasture legume in the United States. It is not only very palatable but also has a very high feed value. For cattle and sheep we recommend that it be planted in combination with adapted grasses—such as Bromegrass, Alta Fescue, Orchardgrass and Ryegrass. For poultry, plant it straight. Seeding rate about five pounds per acre.

1 bu. \$31.70; 100 lbs. \$52.00

Best Northern DWARF SWEET CLOVER

Long recognized for its soil building abilities, this Biennial clover is becoming increasingly used as a pasture and green manure crop. Also efficiently combined with Crested Wheat Grass and Brome Grass to make a better hay and pasture and to prevent sod-bound grass conditions.

Yellow Dwarf Sweet Clover
50 lbs. \$8.00; 100 lbs. \$15.00

Tall White Biennial Sweet Clover
50 lbs. \$8.50; 100 lbs. \$16.00

BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL A Legume That Lasts

Here's the kind of legume pasture cows dream about! As feed, birdsfoot trefoil is just as good as alfalfa and red clover. In pastures, it'll take a lot of heat, heavy grazing; has never caused a case of bloat. Plant 5 pounds per acre. Also include it in pasture mixtures. Grows well in slightly alkaline soils.

An excellent supplementary pasture in summer and fall when other pastures are at low ebb. It **DOUBLES** the pasturing capacity when mixed with bluegrass or bromegrass.

10 lbs. \$12.50; 25 lbs. or more \$1.15 per lb.

ALSIKE CLOVER

Particularly adapted to cool moist climates and low ground. Produces well at high altitudes. Our hardy seed produced at 5,000 feet elevation in the Black Hills.

50 lbs. \$18.00; 100 lbs. \$35.00

STRAWBERRY CLOVER

A perennial low growing variety that spreads by creeping stems. Thrives in normal soil but is particularly valuable on alkali soils where other plants won't grow. Drought resistant and at the same time very successful on irrigated land. Try 2 lbs. of strawberry clover with 4 lbs. tall wheatgrass for highest pasture carrying capacity.

1 lb. \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$8.00;
10 lbs. \$15.00

MADRID SWEET CLOVER

A new yellow-flowered variety rapidly replacing other strains in the midwest. Two weeks earlier than White Sweet Clover and a much heavier yielder. Much finer stemmed and leafier and highly resistant to fall frosts. Order early—Supply limited!

1 bu. \$10.50; 100 lbs. \$20.00

HUBAM ANNUAL SWEET CLOVER CHAMPION SOIL BUILDER

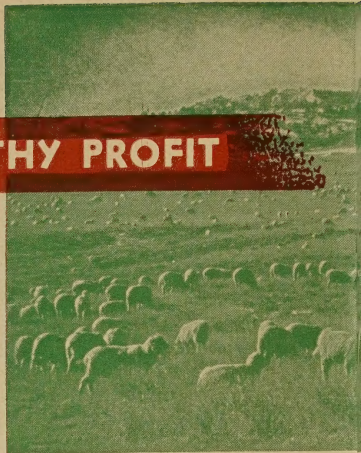
Hubam Annual Sweet Clover is becoming more and more important to the farm rotation plan as the importance of the green manure crop becomes better realized. It produces a heavy top growth the first year, improves the soil, and makes an excellent beef pasture. Farmers report 10 to 25 per cent increase in corn and grain yields per acre after plowing under Hubam Clover. For quick grazing and soil improvements, plant 12 pounds of Hubam Clover seed per acre with your oats, wheat, or barley. You can harvest a grain crop and then plow your Clover without danger of volunteer stands in following crops.

50 lbs. \$10.50; 100 lbs. \$20.00

HARDY GRASSES FOR HEALTHY PROFIT

PERENNIAL WHEATGRASSES

Noted for their early spring growth with high production of lush forage, Wheatgrasses have been unexcelled for pasture, hay and the re-vegetating of depleted range and farm land.



INTERMEDIATE WHEATGRASS

Vigorous seed, germinating within a week, produces fast growing seedlings. Plants begin growth in early spring and reach a height of 3 to 4 feet by mid-summer. INTERMEDIATE is a PERENNIAL SOD FORMING very leafy grass which spreads by means of creeping root stocks. All tests available show it to be the highest producer by far of both hay and pasture. Extremely palatable and nutritious. Plant 7 to 10 lbs. per acre in solid stands or 4 to 6 lbs. per acre in rows.

ONLY \$39.00 per 100 lbs.

PUBESCENT WHEATGRASS

A selection from Intermediate Wheatgrass for dryland areas.

\$42.00 per 100 lbs.

CRESTED WHEATGRASS

The leading dryland grass in the northwest. Crested comes on earlier in the spring than any other grass and provides more late pasture. It is the hardest and most drought resistant commercial variety and contains as much as 35 per cent protein before the bloom stage. We recommend that it be planted in combination with Intermediate Wheatgrass and alfalfa.

Fairway strain (finer and leafier) 100 lbs. \$22.00
Standard strain (for hay) 100 lbs. \$18.50
Nordan strain (for hay) 100 lbs. \$30.00

SLENDER WHEATGRASS

Also called Western Ryegrass. It grows in tall erect bunches. Resistant to drought and cold. Grows in slightly alkali land. Palatable and nutritious.

50 lbs. \$15.00; 100 lbs. \$29.50

TALL WHEATGRASS

A tall perennial bunchgrass which has shown great promise for hay and pasture on wet, seepy, alkaline land, high altitude areas and dryland. Has the longest grazing season of all and is very nutritious. Plant 7 to 10 lbs. per acre.

\$32.00 per 100 lbs.

WESTERN WHEATGRASS

Western Wheatgrass makes rapid growth by means of strong creeping rootstocks producing good ground cover and heavy sod. It is one of the most palatable of grasses for high protein and especially relished by livestock. Western Wheatgrass is a high hay producer, drought resistant and will withstand extremes in temperature.

Plant from 6-10 lbs. per acre.

50 lbs. \$38.00; 100 lbs. \$75.00



OTHER PASTURE GRASSES

LINCOLN SMOOTH BROMEGRASS

Another of the great Professor Hanson's introductions to the United States, Smooth Brome grass is a long lived perennial which spreads by underground root stalks to form a dense sod. The plants are luxuriously leaved and very palatable to livestock. Smooth Brome grass should be included in all irrigated pastures and is particularly adapted to combinations with alfalfa. Lincoln Brome grass is a selection from common Brome which is more vigorous and higher yielding. Plant 12 to 20 lbs. per acre, depending on fertility and moisture.

100 lbs. \$19.00

RYEGRASS

Rapidly increasing in usage for forage, soil improvement, erosion prevention. Particularly useful, because of its quick growing habits, for temporary pasture seeded along. Makes desirable bottom grass and increases length of growing season. When seeded in combination with longer lived grass, it results in quick cover for early grazing. Fits in well for temporary or rapid rotation poultry range. Plant 20 lbs. per acre alone.

Domestic Ryegrass, 100 lbs. \$14.00
Perennial Ryegrass, 100 lbs. \$16.00

NORTHERN TIMOTHY

Well adapted to northern half of United States and mountainous regions of the south. Sow 15 to 20 pounds per acre alone or 10 pounds with clover.

50 lbs. \$9.50; 100 lbs. \$18.00

ALTA FESCUE—RYEGRASS—90-10 MIXTURE

Alta Fescue is a new all purpose, all location grass, high yielding and palatable for pasturing cattle and sheep. Grows on wet or dry, acid or alkali soil. Takes a year to establish but lasts 20 years or more. That's why we blend 90% Alta Fescue with 10% Ryegrass because this palatable Ryegrass comes right up a week after planting and furnishes hay or fine pasture while acting as nurse crop for Alta Fescue.

\$17.00 per 100 lbs.

ORCHARD GRASS

Particularly useful on erodible soils where irrigation is available or high rainfall occurs. Generally used in combination with alfalfa or clover. Recommended seeding rate, 5-8 lbs. or orchard grass with 3-5 lbs. Cossack alfalfa.

50 lbs. \$14.50; 10 lbs. \$28.00

DWARF ESSEX RAPE for quick pasture

Popular for hog and sheep pasture. Keeps growing out as it is eaten off and is not easily damaged by frost.

100 lbs. \$16.00

BOBER'S pre-blended



More Early and Late Grazing with Bober's Perennial Pasture Mixtures

Partly idle pastures are like partly idle trains. A partly empty train can lose more money for a railroad than one which isn't running at all. And a pasture which works at only part capacity is equally hard to justify. Bober's pasture mixtures supply nutritious grazing the year around, especially where there is not much snow on the ground, since the wheatgrass part of the pasture can be grazed in winter months too, while other grasses are dormant.

PASTURE A—for riverbottom and irrigated land composed of equal parts of Smooth Brome grass, Alta Fescue, Northern Cossack Alfalfa and Domestic Ryegrass. Comes up three weeks earlier in the spring than other pasture mixtures and stays greener late in the fall. Produces most meat per acre.

50 lbs. \$11.00; 100 lbs. \$21.50

DRYLAND Pasture B—grow more beef and wool in low rainfall area. Furnished nearly three times the grazing capacity and three times as many pounds of beef and mutton per acre as native range. Composed of equal parts: Crested Wheatgrass, Dwarf Sweetclover, Smooth Brome grass, Tall Wheatgrass and Domestic Ryegrass.

50 lbs. \$10.50; 100 lbs. \$20.00

ALFALFA-BROME BEST

Tests continue to show that where brome grass is adapted, a mixture of brome and alfalfa produces the best pasture gains. Also, alfalfa-brome is the easiest to maintain. For the past ten years, Alfalfa-Brome pasture at various Experiment Stations has averaged 320 to 460 lbs. of beef produced per acre per grazing season. This is 80 to 100 lbs. more per acre than straight Brome.

Best yielding LINCOLN Brome and highest yielding fine-leaved COSSACK Alfalfa seed—50-50 mixture

50 lbs. \$14.75; 100 lbs. \$28.50

GROW QUICK PASTURE MIXTURE

This mixture consists of 3 parts of Sweet Clover, 3 Ryegrass, 15 parts Rye and 2 parts Dwarf Essex Rape.

The Ryegrass and Rye in this combination are the fastest growers and afford the earliest feed. Meanwhile, the Sweet Clover and Rape are developing to increase the pasture production and value. They will keep growing until after frost. The Sweet Clover and most of the Ryegrass of course live over winter and can be used the next year for plowing under, for continued pasture, or cut for hay.

Sow 20 lbs. per acre. Sow about the time you sow small grain. Do not use a nurse crop.

50 lbs. \$5.00; 100 lbs. \$9.50 including bags

PERMANENT MIXTURES



Cattle grazing on Thorpe & Water Ranch seeded to Bober's Brome-Alfalfa Mixture

More Beef and Milk Per Acre From
BEEF AND MILK MAKER SPECIAL

A new pasture mixture for fertile lands for higher profits per acre. Composed of 4 parts Lincoln Brome-grass, 4 parts Alta Fescue, 4 parts Ryegrass, 1 part new Rhizoma pasture-type alfalfa and 1 part of Ladino clover. For most money per acre plant at the rate of 14 lbs. per acre.

50 lbs. \$14.00; 100 lbs. \$27.00

PRODUCE BEEF AT LEAST COST PER POUND

EXTRA CASH SAVINGS FOR YOU!

Many of our customers have found it profitable to pool orders with their neighbors for grass and legume seeds on orders of 500 lbs. or more of the items listed on the first nine pages of our catalog.

WRITE US FOR DETAILS

GRASS FOR ALKALI LAND

	50 lb.	100 lb.
Tall Wheatgrass	\$16.50	\$32.00
Western Wheatgrass	38.00	75.00
Slender Wheatgrass	16.50	32.00

DOLLARS You Will Get More Grazing & CENTS
With New RHIZOMA ALFALFA

Rhizoma alfalfa has wide low-set crowns that send up twice as many stems as present narrow crown types. . . . In spaced plantings crowns may be 18 to 24 inches in diameter after two years of growth. This is about three times the size of present varieties, the most ability to withstand cold and drought and to take rough treatment. RHIZOMA will produce more DOLLARS and CENTS in BEEF and WOOL per acre.



RANCHER SORGHUM

Sweet and Safe

A South Dakota Experiment Station introduction that saves stockmen thousands of dollars by preventing losses from acid poisoning and gives us a most dependable drought-resistant safe forage. RANCHER SORGHUM is a variety developed by crossing and recrossing Low Acid selections from Dakota Black Amber Cane and eliminating most of the hydro-cyanic acid.

This plant with its sweet leafy stalk has produced six and one-half tons of forage and 2,260 pounds of grain per acre.

50 lbs. \$4.50; 100 lbs. \$8.00

NEW PIPER SUDAN GRASS

The perfect summer pasture and annual hay plant, whether you live in the North, East, South or West. Grows rapidly and thrives in the hot dry months when other pastures are least productive.

Piper Sudan Grass has the grassy character of Common Sudan plus juicy sweetness that livestock crave. It grows taller than Common Sudan, has more and wider leaves, a non-shattering seed head, is resistant to drought and disease, and in addition has the lowest Prussic Acid content so that it is safe for livestock.

Farmers who have planted Piper Sudan grass won't be among those short of feed. It's excellent for grazing, silage or hay. In grazing value it's almost as good as brome. As silage it's higher in digestible protein though a little lower in total nutrients than oats, sorghum, or corn silage. Sudan hay is almost as good as the silage.

\$8.75 per 100 lbs.



RELiance SORGHUM

Reliance is an extra early maturing combine grain sorghum developed by Clifford Franzke of the South Dakota Experiment Station for the needs of western and southwestern farms. Two weeks earlier maturing than other varieties and higher yielding, averaging 50 bu. per acre on dry land.

Seed cluster is long and open, which allows for drying of the grain. Seed germinates rapidly at low temperatures and under limited soil moisture conditions. Differs from other varieties in that it stands up well even after killing frost. The feed value of Reliance is about 95 per cent of the value of corn when fed to cattle, hogs, sheep and poultry. Plant 6 lbs. per acre in rows like corn.

50 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$6.00

PROSO MILLET IS A USEFUL CROP

Don't fail to sow at least a few acres of millet for the lambs, yes, and for the sheep, and while you are at it a few for the cows, and young cattle, and horses, yes, and one or two for the hens. Say what you will, to our mind there is no feed on earth equal to millet for every animal on the farm.

Plant 20 to 30 lbs. per acre.

50 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$5.75

KURSK SIBERIAN HAY MILLET

The most drought resistant hay producing plant in the Great Plains states. Produces a hay crop with less rainfall and in shorter time than any other plant. On dry upland plant 15 to 20 pounds of the millet seed per acre, any time from 1st of May to 1st of August.

50 lbs. \$4.50; 100 lbs. \$8.00

BOBER'S SEED

Allows you a choice of the best producing Hybrids for irrigated and dryland, to mature fully before frost in the relatively short growing seasons in Montana, Western Dakota and in Eastern Wyoming.

Here you have the earliest maturing Hybrids that yield best in the short season country . . . Hybrids that germinate rapidly and grow vigorously in the seedling stage . . . Hybrids that are perfectly Planter Plate Graded and **TWP treated to protect every kernel** not only against soil-borne diseases, but also against hidden soil insects that attack seed.

KF1

Highest Yielding 80-Day Maturity Hybrid most popular corn for dry land

A cross between flint and early dent inbreds producing a semi-dent hybrid with the early maturity of Falconer . . . but with taller, leafier plants . . . more uniform ears . . . deeper kernels . . . larger yield . . . Produces tall non-suckering plants with unusual stalk strength and high ear placement . . .

1 bu. \$12.40

KE3

The earlier pure yellow dent . . . matures in 80 days . . . Produces a big sturdy plant, with plenty of wide green leaves . . . ears placed high . . . at uniform level for easy mechanical picking. Big yields of both grain and fodder. Regular Flat Kernels.

1 bu. \$12.40

KE2

A pure yellow dent of beautiful ears . . . 85-day maturity. . . Has the same rapid plant development under all kinds of spring conditions. . . Large plants with many large leaves, well placed ears, and stalks that stand up. . . Husks open early in fall . . . permitting early drying and safe cribbing. . . Large ears . . . with fully dented kernels. . . Easily picked by machine or by hand. Here is a Hybrid that matures early every year in short season country.

1 bu. \$12.40

KE1

Approximately the same maturity as the Haney strain Minnesota No. 13 . . . makes a beautiful field of dark green plants with ears that ripen while plants are still green . . . it picks on dry days when other hybrids cannot be picked . . . and because of early drying is can be safely cribbed ahead of other corn. Regular Flat Kernels. . . 90-day maturity.

1 bu. \$12.40

CORN



Early Maturity High Yielding

BOBER'S W-341 and W-355 HYBRID CORN



Jack Bober in a field of Hybrid 341 on the Bober Seed Farms.

W341—Especially recommended for fertile and well-watered land. A 90-day beautiful Yellow Dent Hybrid, with tremendous eye-appeal in the field, wagon box and crib. Large plants, high ears, and a stalk that stands up. Just cob enough to hold the kernels together. Survives cold springs and ripens before earliest frosts. Top yielder in northern country.

W270—85-day maturity—otherwise same characteristics as 341.

W255—80 day maturity—Ears of good size, deep kernels, small cob, high shelling percentage.

W355—Equals any other 90-day Hybrid in grain yields, and leads them all for silage production.

Medium Flat Graded Kernels—1 bu. \$8.50; 5 bu. \$40.00

Round Kernels—1 bu. \$6.00; 5 bu. \$29.50

WHEATLAND

A Blend of Extra Early Hybrids for pasturing off, silage and grain at low cost.

Produces a mature crop of grain on sturdy stalks that stand up for mechanical picking . . . used by cattlemen to pasture off and fatten steers in the field . . . Wheatland Blend is made up of round kernels suited to planting with standard drill plates or grain drills.

\$7.30 per bu.

BOBER'S OPEN POLLINATED SEED CORN

Recommended for dry land, short season . . . higher altitudes.

Gehu Flint—70-day corn—unexcelled for hogging and sheeping off; drought, frost and hail resistant. Its feeding qualities the highest of any corn, because of high oil content. Earliest corn in America.

\$6.00 per bu.

Falconer—75-day yellow semident—the best yielding of early maturing, open pollinated corn. Also used for hogging down and sheeping off.

\$5.50 per bu.

Payne's White Dent—80-day corn—record yield of 91 bushels per acre, a consistent good yielder. Also used for hogging off.

\$4.75 per bu.

Black Hills Special—85 to 90 days, higher yielding yellow dent. **\$4.85 per bu.**

Early Minnesota No. 13 Yellow Dent.

\$4.85 per bu.

Squaw Flour Corn—80-85-day maturity.

\$5.50 per bu.

Early Northwest Dent (red and white cap)—Leafy, 85-90-day corn. **\$4.75 per bu.**

Rainbow Flint—Highest yield for silage corn, for open pollinated corn. **\$4.90 per bu.**



Quality ANGUS CATTLE raised on Wheatgrass pastures on the higher altitude on the foothills of the Black Hills. Yearling and 2-year old Bulls For Sale. Bober Farms, Newell, S. D

OATS



BRUNKER OATS No. 2054 is still champion

in the West and in the great Southwest. When planted real early, the Brunker Oats outyielded all other varieties we have planted alongside them in variety trials. **The record of 107 bushels per acre they made here a few years ago still stands at top**, especially on non-irrigated land. Brunker Oats are frost resistant . . . they are also smut, rust and helminthosporium resistant . . . **they are the EARLIEST MATURING and HIGHEST YIELDING in Great Plains states.**

10 bu. \$17.50; 20 bu. or more, \$1.60 per bu., including bags

RANSOM OATS

This new variety is the result of experiments by the U.S.D.A. plant scientists to find a heavy yielding oat variety resistant to stem rust. Ransom Oats is a very early, stiff strawed variety adapted to a wide range of soil and climate conditions in the midwest. It has a higher resistance to leaf rust than the Bond cross varieties—and has a yellowish seed of high test weight. Supplies very limited.

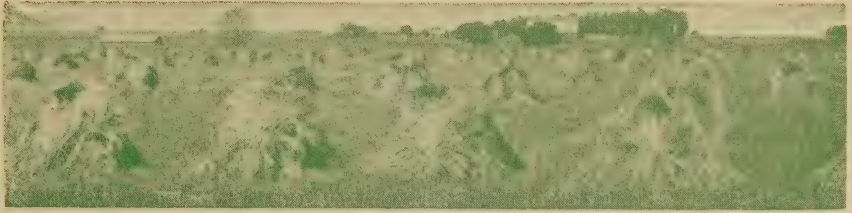
\$2.00 per bu.

CHEROKEE OATS

are rapidly gaining favor under dry land conditions in South Dakota and bordering states. The grain has a slight yellowish cast, is short, plump and with good test weight. Cherokee matures about five days earlier than Clinton Oats. It is resistant to Victor Blight and most races of smut and rust. Recommended for creek bottom land.

10 bu. \$17.00; 20 bu. or more, \$1.60 per bu., including bags

BARLEY AND FLAX



PLAINS, the 'Heads Up' Barley

A new six-rowed, smooth-awned, **EARLY MATURING**, short growing, stiff strawed, feed type barley. **Resistant to stem rust and drought.** Best adapted to central and northern sections of Iowa, Nebraska, Wyoming and South Dakota. Introduced by the South Dakota Experiment Station. In the past two years of moderate and below average rainfall, it has produced the most bushels of feed barley on our farms. Combines good.

\$1.70 per bushel

SPARTAN BARLEY EVADES DROUGHT

Ripens Ahead of Hoppers, Drought and July Heat

The earliest maturing and one of the highest yielding varieties. It is a two row, smooth bearded, easier to handle and equals corn in feeding value, weighing 56 pounds per bushel. **IT ESCAPES** drought rather than resists it.

\$1.70 per bushel

MARINE FLAX

MARINE FLAX, a new U. S. Department of Agriculture release, is an early maturing brown seeded, blue blossom variety. Performance results in North Dakota, Minnesota and South Dakota have been excellent. Highly wilt resistant and completely resistant to all North American races of flax rust. Just a few days later than Sheyenne in maturity.

5 bu. \$30.00; 10 bu. or more, \$5.50 per bu., including bags

SHEYENNE FLAX

Highest yielding and **earliest maturing** variety of Flax for dry land. Matures a week to ten days earlier than other varieties and is more disease resistant. **The best CASH CROP and the best NURSE Crop to plant with alfalfa and grass seed.** One bushel plants 3 acres of dry land. Plant $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel per acre on fertile land.

5 bu. \$30.00; 10 bu. or more, \$5.50 per bu., including bags

WHEAT



Sam Bober in a Field of New Rushmore Wheat.

High-Protein Disease-Resistant Bread-Type Spring Wheat for Low-Rainfall Areas

Beware of 15B Rust—Plant SELKIRK WHEAT

During the past three years millions of dollars worth of spring wheat was lost because of the effect of rust on our wheat. Selkirk is the first variety of wheat to show real resistance to rust and at the same time have high yielding ability, early maturity, good stiff straw, and excellent milling qualities. Our seed is of the highest quality, and for your insurance is Registered Blue Tag and sealed.

10 bushels for \$30.00

RUSHMORE SPRING WHEAT

The Wheat with the "Growth Factor"

Earliness, Stiff-Straw, Resistance to Shattering, and high yield are some of the qualities of this wheat. It is a beardless, disease resistant (especially to black stem rust), high milling quality wheat and combines the good points of standard varieties, Pilot, Rival and Mida. Rushmore wheat produced on the virgin land of the Bober Farms on dry land tested 18.6 per cent protein, the highest test for South Dakota, commanding highest premium on the grain market.

10 bushels for \$30.00

NEW LEE WHEAT

This new introduction of bread wheat stands drought and yields more per acre because of its earlier maturity. We are pleased to be able to supply this higher yielding Lee seed wheat produced on our own farms at—

10 bushels for \$32.00

Wider Drill Rows Give Better Alfalfa Stands

We all like shade on hot summer days, and livestock does better if you give them some sort of protection in hot weather. . . . But not alfalfa or clover. They need sunshine. If you use a nurse crop it makes a difference how you plant your grain, if you are trying to get a good stand of legumes.

In tests with oats and alfalfa-brome grass at Iowa State College, drilling the oats in rows 14 inches apart gave the alfalfa and brome plants more sunlight than broadcasting. As a result, they counted a fourth more alfalfa plants, and almost twice as many brome plants, in the drilled grain than in the broadcast oats.

Ask us to treat your alfalfa seed with ARASAN for a thicker healthier stand.

BOBER'S NORTHERN VEGETABLE SEED



For Taste, Early Maturity and Yield
Be sure to include in your order New Bounty Tomato and Hybrid Sweet Corn.
We Pay Postage on All Garden Seed



Bober's Beautiful Stringless Bean

BEANS

1/2 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50

BOUNTIFUL GREENPOD—Stringless and tasty.

TENDERGREEN STRINGLESS
IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX
TOP CROP

KENTUCKY WONDER POLE BEAN
PENCIL POD BLACK WAX

FIELD BEANS

1/2 lb. 22c; 1 lb. 40c; 3 lbs. \$1.10

RED KIDNEY BEAN
GREAT NORTHERN FIELD BEAN
IMPROVED TEPARY FIELD BEAN
IMPROVED PINTO BEAN

NEW EDIBLE SOY BEANS

1/2 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$1.50

Pkt. Legume-Aid for Soy Beans 10c

TABLE BEETS

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 70c
lb. \$2.35

EGYPTIAN or EARLY WONDER
DETROIT DARK RED
RUBY QUEEN

STOCK BEETS

Oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 85c
MAMMOTH LONG RED—For Poultry.
GIANT HALF SUGAR—For Poultry and Livestock. Biggest yielder.

CABBAGE SEED

Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.60
GOLDEN ACRE—Extra early.
COPENHAGEN MARKET—Medium season.
DANISH BALLHEAD—Late cabbage.

CAULIFLOWER

Pkt. 20c; 1/2 oz. \$1.10; oz. \$2.00
EARLY SNOWBALL—Medium size.

DILL

For pickling cucumbers.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c

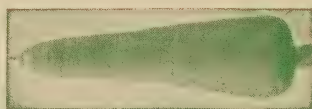
CARROTS

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25

OXHEART—Short and extra early.
DANVER'S HALF-LONG—Rich in flavor.

ROYAL CHANTENAY—Beautiful red color. Early. Excellent freezer.

SCARLET NANTES—Coreless. Good quality.



Danver's Half-Long Carrot

POP CORN

1/2 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 55c; 3 lbs. \$1.50

NEW GOLDEN MARVEL—Early, golden color, hull-less.

WHITE HULL-LESS—Early maturing, snow white.

WHITE RICE—Large and tender.

SWEET CORN

1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.40; 10 lbs. \$4.70

GOLDEN SUNSHINE—Extra early.
GOLDEN BANTAM—Early season.
STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—Late variety, white in color.

HYBRID SWEET CORN

1 lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$3.00

GOLDEN ROCKET—A new, early (about 62-day) hybrid we have been testing with excellent results. We recommend it without reservation.

ALPHAGOLD BANTAM—Ripens in 59 days. Be the first in your neighborhood.

GOLDEN HUMMER—Attractive ears—12 even rows tender sweet kernels—ripens in 68 days.

TENDERGOLD—Ripens in 79 days—sweet—tender—succulent. Wonderful taste.



Golden Rocket

ATTENTION MARKET GARDENERS:
Bobers offer a 15 percent discount on orders for garden seed
amounting to \$10.00 or more.

HYBRID CUCUMBER

EARLY SURECROP—You'll like this All American winner . . . 60 day maturity, heaviest yielder, excellent quality, crisp and the best slicer of all.

Pkt. 25c

CUCUMBERS

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; 1 lb. \$2.50
EARLY WONDER—Very early.
CHICAGO PICKLING
MARKETER
STRAIGHT EIGHT

LETTUCE

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 70c;
EARLY CURLED SIMPSON — Delicious and tender.
EARLY PRIZEHEAD — With light brown edges.
N. Y. WONDERFUL—Finest head lettuce.

MUSKMELONS

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 75c;
½ lb. \$1.40
EXTRA EARLY KNIGHT — Green fleshed.
SUGAR ROCK—Extra early.
NORTHERN HONEY—Earliest and sweet.
HEARTS OF GOLD—Salmon colored, juicy.
EARLY OSAGE—Tender and delicious.
HONEY DEW—Green fleshed, late variety.

ONION SEED

Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.55
DANVER'S YELLOW GLOBE—Large early onion.
UTAH STRAIN, SWEET SPANISH
 —Best yielding yellow.
WHITE WELSH—Nice quality for green onions. Perennial strains.
Pkt. 15c; oz. 60c; ¼ lb. \$1.75;
1 lb. \$5.00; 5 lbs. \$24.50

GOLDEN ROCKET HYBRID SWEET CORN

Be sure to try this new 62-day hybrid.

1 lb. 65c; 5 lbs. \$3.00

PEPPERS

Pkt. 15c; oz. 80c; ¼ lb. \$2.75
BELL or BULL NOSE—Large fruit.
PIMIENTO—Sweet pepper.
CALIFORNIA WONDER—Crisp and sweet.

CHARD

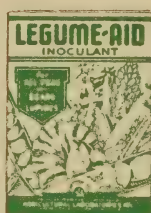
RHUBARB—Beautiful and delicious table greens. 15c packet.
SWISS CHARD—Tender green leaves.

PARSNIPS

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c
GUERNSEY

BOBER'S WESTERN HIGH ALTITUDE GROWN TENDER GARDEN PEAS

½ lbs. 28c; 1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.40
ALASKA—Earliest of all.
LITTLE MARVEL—Early and sweet.
LAXTONIAN—Tender, fine quality.
BLISS EVERBEARING—Long bearing period.



LEGUME-AID

Inoculation for your Peas, Beans and Sweet Peas for bigger and better crops.

Pkt. 10c, enough for 5 lbs. seed

PUMPKIN

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 80c; 1 lb. \$1.50
SMALL SUGAR—Fine grained, sweet.
PIE PUMPKIN—Ripens early.
MAMMOTH KING—Field pumpkin.
JACK O'LANtern—Medium size, early.

RADISHES

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.20
COMET—Earliest of all, red.
FRENCH BREAKFAST — Medium sized.
ICICLE—Pure white.

SPINACH

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 70c
NEW ZEALAND—Everbearing.
BLOOMSDALE—Early, dark green.

SQUASH

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$2.25
TABLE QUEEN — Acorn shaped, early, individual squash.
IMPROVED HUBBARD—Winter variety. Best keeper.
GOLDEN HUBBARD—Golden orange color. Fine flavor.
NEW BUTTERCUP SQUASH—Most pleasant flavor. Rich orange flesh.

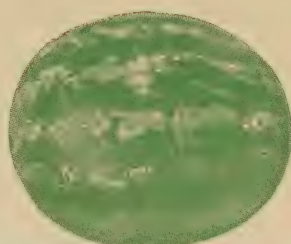
BE READY! PLAN AND PLANT EARLY AND SAVE!



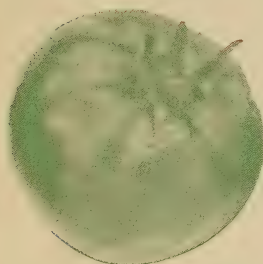
Table Queen Squash



French Breakfast Radish



Earliest Red Russian Watermelon



New Bounty Tomato



Early Purple Top Turnip



Sioux Tomato

TURNIPS and RUTABAGAS

Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.10

EARLY PURPLE TOP—White and tender.

IMPROVED AMERICAN RUTABAGA—Tender yellow flesh.

TOMATOES

NEW BOUNTY — Earliest ripening, self pruning, uniform in color.

EARLIANA—Real early maturing.

JOHN BAER—Heavy yielder. Early maturing.

STOKESDALE—An early favorite.

FIRESTEEL—Drought resistant, very early, large fruited.

SIoux—Early, meaty, red tomato.

Pkt. 15c; 1/2 oz. 40c; oz. 75c

HYBRID TOMATOES

Pkt. 35c; 3 pkts. \$1.00

SIoux-ANN—Newest, earliest, heaviest yielder. So. Dak. introduction.

Fordhook HYBRID TOMATO ripens in 60 days, yields heavily, colors evenly to bright red. Flesh is solid. Pkt. (30 seeds) 25c; 3 pkts. 70c.

SMALL FRUITED TOMATOES

Pkt. 15c; oz. 75c

YELLOW PLUM—Desirable for preserves.

YELLOW PEAR—Pickling and preserving.

GROUND CHERRY or **HUSK TOMATO**.

WATERMELONS

New Handy MIDGET—Ripens in a couple of months, black-seeded, handsome pink; dark green body; 8 inch, 4 pounds. Fits your refrigerator, DELICIOUS, SWEET. Row of 60 feet raised 150 melons.

**Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 30c;
1/4 lb. \$1.10; 1 lb. \$4.00**

KLECKLEY'S SWEET — Early maturing, sweet and large.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c

EARLIEST RED SUGAR WATERMELON

**Pkt. 15c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 85c;
1/2 lb. \$1.60; 1 lb. \$3.00**

The very earliest watermelon in existence. Sweetest flavor. Small seed

EARLY RED RUSSIAN

**Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c;
1 lb. \$2.40**

The best of new watermelons developed the last few years from a selection made in Russian Ukraine. Large, round, dark green with light green stripes. Wonderful flavor.

WINTER QUEEN WATERMELON

**Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c;
1/2 lb. \$1.15; 1 lb. \$2.20**

SUNFLOWER SEED

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1 lb. 40c

BOBER'S 30-DAY RICHGREEN LAWN GRASS

For a Beautiful Lawn
All Season

Order Bober's "30-Day Lawn Grass" early and sow it as soon as the snow melts away in early spring. Sow one pound to 250 square feet and you will have a well established lawn by early summer. This mixture consists of fine leaved and deep rooted perennial grass and some White Dutch Clover, which assures a beautiful rich green lawn thick and free from weeds.

Unsurpassed for open sunny spaces. Adapted to areas of moderate shade.

1 lb. 80c; 5 lbs. \$3.85;
10 lbs. \$7.50



Richgreen Lawn Grass

MERION KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS

The newest turf grass, an improved Kentucky Bluegrass; it is more drought resistant, can be cut closer than other grasses, very hardy with a strong spreading root system. Recommended seeding rate—only 1 lb. to 500 square feet.

1 lb. \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$8.50 postpaid

HIGH QUALITY PURE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEED

1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.25; 10 lbs. \$8.00

WHITE DUTCH LAWN CLOVER—Extra Fancy Seed

1 lb. 75c; 5 lbs. \$3.50

CREEPING RED FESCUE

1 lb. 80c; 5 lbs. \$3.80; 10 lbs. \$7.50

For Dry Land Lawns

FAIRWAY STRAIN OF CANADIAN CRESTED WHEATGRASS

1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.25

BUFFALO GRASS

Makes Wonderful Lawns in Dry Climate Regions

In the lighter sandier soils, and the dry and semi-dry regions Buffalo Grass has proven highly desirable for lawn use. It is a low growing plant, seldom getting over 6 inches in height; hence needs no cutting and requires very little care. Since it thickens by means of stolons as well as from seed, once you get a thin stand established, it thickens up all by itself.

One pound covers 3,000 square feet, \$2.50



HOTKAPS Help You Grow Earlier and Hardier Vegetables

Protect your garden against BUGS,
FROST, RAIN and WIND

Package of 100 HOTKAPS with Fibreboard Garden
Setter, \$3.15

250 HOTKAPS with Fibreboard Garden Setter
\$5.90

1,000 HOTKAPS, \$18.35

BE THE FIRST WITH A SPRING GARDEN

BOBER'S

BOBER'S SEEDS

P.O. BOX 751

RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA

Please do not write here

ORDER BLANK

Date....., 1958

For the enclosed \$....., please send
the following order:

Name

Please Print

Street Address.....	Box Number.....	Rural Route.....
---------------------	-----------------	------------------

Post Office _____ State _____

Shipping Point

Ship via ☐ Truck ☐ Freight ☐ Express ☐ Parcel Post

Name of Trucking Co. or R. R.

Your Money's Worth or Your Money Back—It is mutually agreed and understood that any seeds ordered of us may be returned at any time within ten days after receipt, if not satisfactory, and money for them will be refunded, but we do not and cannot in any way warrant the stand or the crop as they depend on so many conditions beyond our control.

SAM H. BOBER & SONS.

[illegible]

SOUTH DAKOTA ORDERS, PLEASE INCLUDE 2% SALES TAX

If out of what you ordered may we substitute another variety? Yes ☐ No ☐

Field seeds are subject to market price changes after February 15



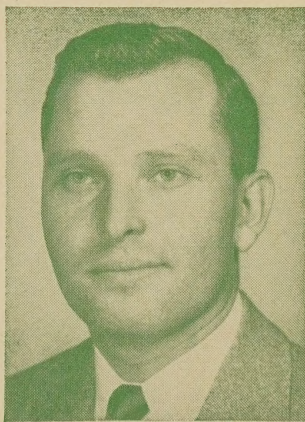
Showing double root system of three-year-old Cossack alfalfa, also the stooling habit above the crown, which makes bushier, finer stemmed and immense yields of leafier, more nutritious hay and pasture.

Bober's Northern Black Hills hardy alfalfa seed is dry land grown on the northern foothills of the Black Hills at elevations of from 3,000 to 4,500 feet. It is subjected to 30 to 40 degrees below zero in winter and 110 degrees hot and dry temperatures in summer, which by eliminating the weaker plants produce seed from the hardiest plants noted for their productivity and drought resistance.

This seed is cleaned and sacked in branded bags at our cleaning plant and warehouses at Rapid City, South Dakota, and can always be identified by the Bober trademark on the bags—your assurance of hardiness, high yielding ability and long life.



LOUIS M. BOBER
Manager of Bober Seed House
at Rapid City, South Dakota



JACK BOBER
Assistant Manager
of Bober Seed House
at Rapid City, S. D.

what do your neighbors think ... about BOBERS seeds?

As to the Rhizoma Alfalfa, we are well pleased as we seeded it in a mixture with other grasses and then in July had to bring our sheep in to get them off the needle grass range. They ate all of the young seedlings right into the ground, but in spite of that it showed a good stand of alfalfa this fall.

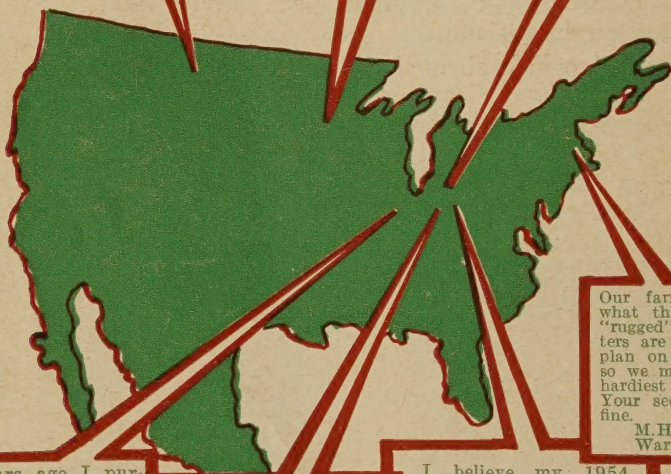
O.R.H.
Winnett, Montana

This makes 3 years we have ordered alfalfa seed from you and I find it the best producing seed in all of my 40 years of farming.

E.W.
Racine, Minnesota

I received my Cossack Alfalfa Seed. Hope I have as good results from this planting as I did on the field I just plowed up. This field was cut for hay six years and pastured one. I don't know of another alfalfa field in this vicinity that has lasted as long. My neighbor planted Cossack three years ago when he saw the results I was having and he also has a fine field stand of Cossack. Thank you for the splendid service.

L.S.M., Parma, Michigan



Two years ago I purchased one bushel of your Siberian Cossack Alfalfa. I am glad to report your Cossack has withstood the terrible drought Missouri has had the last two years.

F.H.S.
Florissant, Missouri

I seeded about $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres to Rhizoma alfalfa and Ladino clover 2 years ago. Last year I cut 75 bales the first cutting and 45 the second cutting besides 30 hogs ran on it continuously during that time.

I believe my 1954 purchase was some Siberian Cossack, Ladak, and Rambling Rhizoma. All of these came thru a drouth summer and are now excellent stands.

C.O.S.
Pittsfield, Illinois

Our farms are located in what the men here call a "rugged" climate. The winters are severe. We cannot plan on snow coverage and so we must use seed of the hardest possible varieties. Your seeds fit this climate fine.

M.H.K.
Warnersville, New York